

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To

The Members of Manipal Payment and Identity Solutions Limited
(formerly known as MCT Cards & Technology Private Limited and MCT Cards & Technology Limited)

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the standalone financial statements of Manipal Payment and Identity Solutions Limited (formerly known as MCT Cards & Technology Private Limited and MCT Cards & Technology Limited) ("the Company"), which comprise the Standalone Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2026, Standalone statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity, Standalone Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date, and notes to the Standalone Financial Statements including a Summary of the Material Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information (hereinafter referred to as "the Standalone Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2026, and its profit and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SA's") specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SA's are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements.

Information other than Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report, but does not include the Standalone Financial Statements and auditor's report thereon. The Company's annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Standalone Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the Company's annual report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance and take appropriate actions, as applicable under the relevant laws and regulations.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (IND AS) specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Standalone Financial Statements, the Management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for Audit of Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Standalone Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Standalone Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management and Board of Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Standalone Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Standalone Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Standalone Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Other Matters

During the year, the Company acquired Revenue Assurance Division Business from Manipal Technologies Limited, its Holding Company. This acquisition qualifies as a common control business combination under Ind AS 103 – Business Combinations and has been accounted retrospectively from April 01, 2024. The Special Purpose Carve Out Financial Statements for Revenue Assurance Division for the year ended March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2025 were jointly audited by M/s Sriramulu Naidu & Co, Chartered Accountants and Pai Nayak & Associates, Chartered Accountants whose report dated November 01, 2025 with an unmodified opinion have been furnished to us by the management of the Company. The comparative figures for the financial year 2024-25 have been restated considering Special Purpose Carve Out Financial Statements as referred above.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, based on our audit, we report, to the extent applicable that.
 - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books except for the matters stated in the paragraph 1(i) (vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014.

- c. The Standalone Balance Sheet, the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity and Standalone Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d. In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act.
- e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2026 and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2026 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in “**Annexure A**”. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company’s internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements.
- g. The modification relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in the paragraph 1(b) above on reporting under Section 143(3)(b) and paragraph 1(i) (vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g);
- h. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor’s Report pursuant to the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.

- i. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor’s Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i) The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations as at March 31, 2026 on its financial position in the Standalone Financial Statements - Refer note 45 of the Standalone Financial Statements.
 - ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts as on March 31, 2026 for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv)
 - (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity (“Intermediaries”), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (“Ultimate Beneficiaries”) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

- (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- v) As per the information and explanation provided to us, the Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year.
- vi) Based on our examination, which included test checks, and except for the matters stated below and as described in Note 60(n), the Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility. To the extent enabled, the audit trail feature operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the respective software applications.
- a. In the case of in-house developed applications, MIS, and Data Centre systems used for production and dispatch management at the production facility, the audit trail feature has not been enabled at the transaction level and for privileged access.
- b. In the case of payroll software, for the reasons described in Note 60(n), the company has not maintained audit trail (edit log) at the database level.
- Furthermore, wherever the audit trail (edit log) facility was enabled and operated, we did not come across any instance of the feature being tampered with during the course of our audit in respect of the accounting software. The Company has also preserved the audit trails of prior years, in line with the statutory requirements for record retention, to the extent that such trails were enabled and recorded in the respective years.
2. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in the "**Annexure B**" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

For Manian and Rao

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 001983S

Paresh Daga

Partner

Membership No:211468

Place: Bengaluru

Date: June 04, 2026

UDIN:

Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report on the Standalone Financial Statements of Manipal Payment and Identity Solutions Limited (formerly known as MCT Cards & Technology Private Limited and MCT Cards & Technology Limited) for the year ended March 31, 2026

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to the aforesaid standalone financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Act

(Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

Opinion

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements of Manipal Payment and Identity Solutions Limited (formerly known as MCT Cards & Technology Private Limited and MCT Cards & Technology Limited) ("the Company") as of March 31, 2026 in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements and such internal financial controls were operating effectively as at March 31, 2026, based on the criteria for internal financial control with reference to Standalone Financial Statements established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI (the "Guidance Note").

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management and board of directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial control with reference to the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

A Company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that:

- (1) Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company;
- (2) Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the Company; and
- (3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the Standalone Financial Statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to Standalone Financial Statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For Manian and Rao

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 001983S

Paresh Daga

Partner

Membership No:211468

Place: Bengaluru

Date: June 04, 2026

UDIN:

Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report on the Standalone Financial Statements of Manipal Payment and Identity Solutions Limited (formerly known as MCT Cards & Technology Private Limited, MCT Cards & Technology Limited) for the year ended March 31, 2026

(Referred to in paragraph 2 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements section of our report of even date)

i)

a.

A. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.

B. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.

b. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its Property, Plant and Equipment by which all property, plant and equipment are verified in a phased manner over a period of three years. In accordance with this programme, certain property, plant and equipment were verified during the year. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.

c. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties (other than immovable properties where the Company is the lessee and the leases Agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in the Standalone Financial Statements are held in the name of the Company.

d. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year.

e. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no proceedings initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.

ii)

a. The inventory, except goods-in-transit has been physically verified by the management during the year. For inward goods-in-transit subsequent evidence of receipts has been linked with inventory records. In our opinion, the frequency of such verification is reasonable and procedures and coverage as followed by management were appropriate. No discrepancies were noticed on verification between the physical stocks and the book records that were more than 10% in the aggregate of each class of inventory.

b. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. The Company has filed quarterly returns or statements with such banks, which are generally in agreement with the books of account of the company for the respective quarters except for certain difference which are reconciled and not material in nature.

iii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, during the year the company has made Investment in securities of Foreign Subsidiaries. The company has granted unsecured loans to subsidiaries during the year, in respect of which:

a. The Company has provided loans during the year and details of the same are as under:

Loans Granted

Particulars	Aggregate amount granted/provided during the year (in Millions)	Balance outstanding as at balance sheet date (in Millions)
Foreign Subsidiaries	212.61	220.54

The Company has not provided any guarantee or security to any entity during the year.

- b. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures conducted by us, in our opinion the investment made and terms and conditions of the grant loans, during the year are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the interest of the Company. Further, the Company has not provided any guarantee or security during the year.
- c. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures conducted by us, in our opinion in respect of loans granted by the Company, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and the repayments or receipts of principal amounts and interest have been regular as per stipulation.
- d. According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no amounts overdue for more than ninety days in respect of loans granted by the Company.
- e. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, no loan granted by the Company which has fallen due during the year has been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the over dues of existing loans given to the same parties.
- f. According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment.

- iv) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of records of the Company, in respect of Investment made and loans given by the Company, in our opinion the provisions of Section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") have been complied with. The Company has not provided any guarantee or security as specified under Section 185 and 186 of the Act.
- v) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits from the public during the year.
- vi) As per Information and explanations given to us the Central Government has not prescribed maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Companies Act 2013, for the Company. Therefore, the reporting under paragraph 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable.

vii)

- a. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Service Tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess, and other material statutory dues, applicable to it, with the appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanations given to us there were no outstanding statutory dues as on the date of Balance Sheet for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- b. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, statutory dues relating to Goods and Service Tax, Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Income Tax, Duty of Customs or Cess or other statutory dues which have not been deposited on account of dispute are as follows:

Name of the statute	Nature of the dues	Gross Demand (Rs. in Millions)	Paid under protest (Rs. in Millions)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
Central Excise Act, 1944	Duty of excise	1,034.34	38.79	2011- 2015	Pending before Excise & Customs Tribunal (CESTAT), Bangalore
		274.49	18.72	2016 - 2017	Pending before Excise & Customs Tribunal (CESTAT), Bangalore
		29.3	1.10	2010 - 2014	Pending before Excise & Customs Tribunal (CESTAT), Bangalore
		1.96	0.33	2014-2015	Pending before Excise & Customs Tribunal (CESTAT), Bangalore
		8.55	1.42	2015-2017	Pending before Excise & Customs Tribunal (CESTAT), Bangalore
Customs Act, 1962	Duty of customs	49.02	2.04	2016-2017	Pending before Excise & Customs Tribunal (CESTAT), Bangalore
		1.55	1.55	2022-2023	Pending before Commissioner Customs Bangalore
		0.91	0.91	2024-2025	Pending before Commissioner Customs Bangalore
		2.83	2.83	2025-2026	Pending before Commissioner Customs Bangalore
		1.19	1.19	2025-2026	Pending before Commissioner Customs Bangalore
		0.65	-	2022-2023	Pending before Commissioner Customs Bangalore
		1.07	1.07	2025-2026	Pending before Commissioner Customs Bangalore
Goods and Service Tax Act, 2017	CGST and SGST	0.32	0.01	2018-2019	Pending before Superintendent of Central Tax, Navi Mumbai
		8.11	0.81	July 2017 to March 2019	Pending before Commissioner of GST Appeals, Belagavi
		2.57	-	July 2017 to March 2019	Pending before Commissioner of GST Appeals, Belagavi

Name of the statute	Nature of the dues	Gross Demand (Rs. in Millions)	Paid under protest (Rs. in Millions)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income tax	28.70	-	2023-2024	Pending before Joint Commissioner (Appeals) or the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)

viii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions, previously unrecorded as income in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.

ix)

- a. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
- b. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been declared a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or government authority.
- c. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has utilized the money obtained by way of term loans during the year for the purposes for which they were obtained.
- d. According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the balance sheet of the Company, we report that that the Company has not utilized the funds raised on short-term basis towards long term purposes.
- e. According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the Standalone Financial Statements of the Company, we report that the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries as defined under the Act. The Company does not hold any investment in any associate or joint venture as defined under the Act during the year ended March 31, 2026.
- f. According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries as defined under the Act. The Company does not hold any investment in any associate or joint venture as defined under the Act during the year ended March 31, 2026.

x)

- a. The Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments). Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
- b. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private

placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.

xi)

- a. Based on examination of the books and records of the Company and according to the information and explanations given to us, considering the principles of materiality outlined in Standards on Auditing, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during year.
- b. According to the information and explanations given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
- c. According to the information and explanations given to us, and as represented to us by the management, no whistle-blower complaints have been received during the year by the company. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xi)(c) of the Order is not applicable.

xii)

According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.

xiii)

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the transactions with related parties are in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable, and the details of the related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable Indian accounting standards.

xiv)

- a. Based on information and explanations provided to us and our audit procedures, in our opinion, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
- b. We have considered the internal audit reports of the Company issued till date for the period under audit.

xv)

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected to its directors and hence, provisions of section 192 of the Act are not applicable.

xvi)

- a. The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
- b. The Company has not conducted non-banking financial or housing finance activities during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- c. The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- d. According to the information and explanations provided to us, the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) does not have any Core Investment Company as part of its group. Accordingly, the provisions stated under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the order are not applicable.

- xvii)** The Company has not incurred cash losses in the current financial year and immediately preceding financial year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xvii) of the order is not applicable.
- xviii)** There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xviii) of the order is not applicable.
- xix)** According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- xx)** According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our verification, the provisions of section 135 of the Act are applicable to the Company. The Company has made the required contributions during the year and there are no unspent amounts which are required to be transferred either to a Fund specified in schedule VII of the Act or to a Special Account as per the provisions of Section 135 of the Act read with schedule VII to the Act. Accordingly, reporting under Clause 3(xx)(a) and Clause 3(xx)(b) of the Order is not applicable.

For Manian and Rao
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 001983S

Paresh Daga
Partner
Membership No:211468

Place: Bangalore
Date: June 04, 2026
UDIN: